**SER & ESTAR = to be**

Monday, November 26, 2012

La clase de español- Gramática

fo

**¿Te acuerdas?**

**SER**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Yo | Nosotros(a) |
| Tú | Vosotros(as) |
| Él  Ella  Usted  “it” | Ellos  Ellas  Ustedes  “>it” |

**ESTAR**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Yo | Nosotros(a) |
| Tú | Vosotros(as) |
| Él  Ella  Usted  “it” | Ellos  Ellas  Ustedes  “>it” |

Create two additional sentences with SER and ESTAR**:**

Write two descriptions of food. Use one sentence with SER and one with ESTAR.

**¿Preguntas?**

**Más apuntes:**

**SER & ESTAR** = to be

* Both \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mean \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but they have different uses. You use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to say where someone is or where something is located, and to ask and say how people are doing.
* ¿Qué significa? La servilleta está en la mesa. F or L
* ¿Qué significa? Estoy bien, gracias. F or L
* You have used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to identify people and things; to say where they are from; to describe what someone or something is like; and to give the day, date, and time.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| * D | * Date |
| * O | * Occupation |
| * C | * Characteristic |
| * T | * Time |
| * O | * Origin |
| * R | * Relation |

* Tranduce este oraciones
  + Ricardo is my friend:
  + He is from Mexico:
  + He is tall and nice:
  + It is Monday:
  + It is the 2nd of March:
  + It is four on the dot:
* Both SER and ESTAR can be used to describe foods and drinks.
* Use SER to describe what foods are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like.
* Por ejemplo: ¿Cómo es el arroz con pollo? Es riquísimo.
* En inglés:
* To say how something \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

Or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at a particular moment use ESTAR.

(Expressing your opinion/feeling)

* Por ejemplo:
* How is your soup? =
* It is cold. =

**Vamos a practicar:** Abran sus libros a páginas 200-201, completa actividades 7 y 8